

Barycentric Rényi divergences

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based on arXiv:2207.14282



NATIONAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT
AND INNOVATION OFFICE
HUNGARY

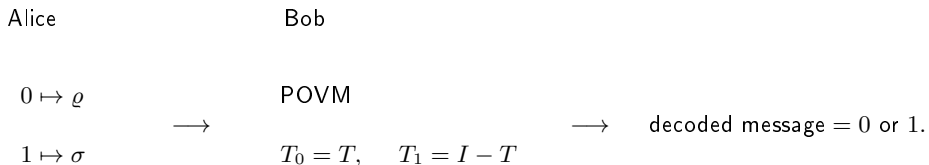
PROJECT
FINANCED FROM
THE NRDI FUND
MOMENTUM OF INNOVATION



Lendület program

Single-shot state discrimination

Communication problem: Alice wants to send one bit of information to Bob, encoded into a quantum system.



Error probabilities:

$$\text{type I: } \alpha(T) := \text{Prob}(\text{decoded} = 1 | \text{message} = 0) = \text{Tr } \rho(I - T)$$

$$\text{type II: } \beta(T) := \text{Prob}(\text{decoded} = 0 | \text{message} = 1) = \text{Tr } \sigma T.$$

Type I can be made 0 by choosing $T := I$, but then type II = 1.

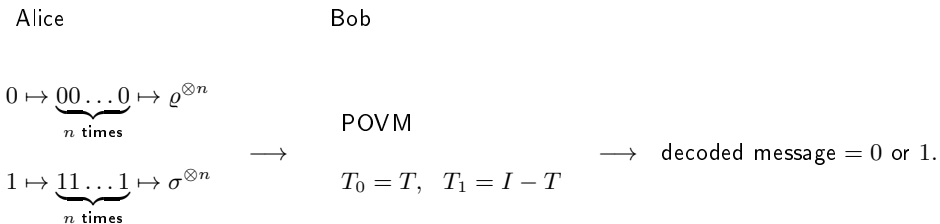
Vice versa, type II = 0 with $T = 0$, but then type I = 1.

Trade-off between the two error probabilities.

$$\exists T : \alpha(T) = 0 = \beta(T) \iff \text{supp } \rho \perp \text{supp } \sigma$$

Asymptotic state discrimination

The error can be reduced by introducing redundancy.

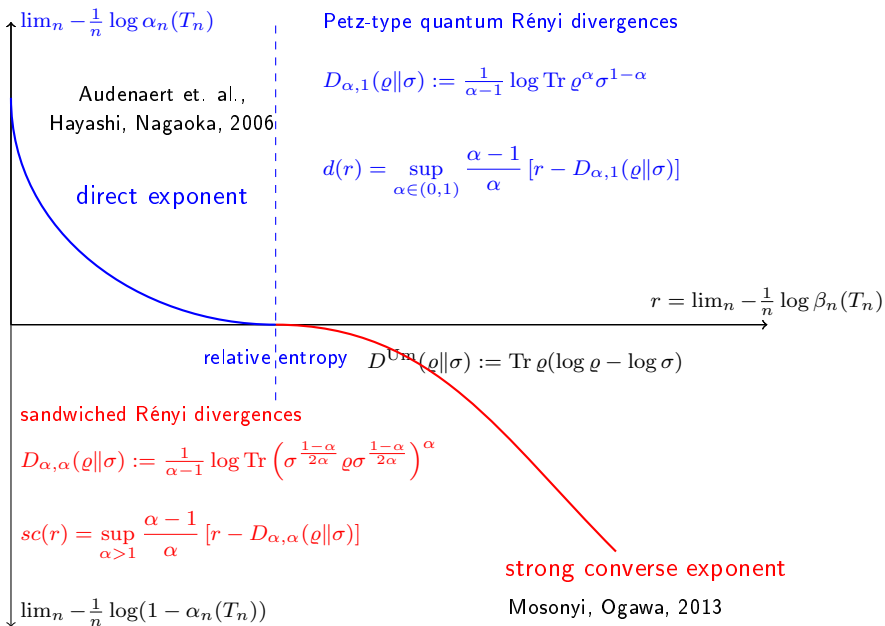


Error probabilities:

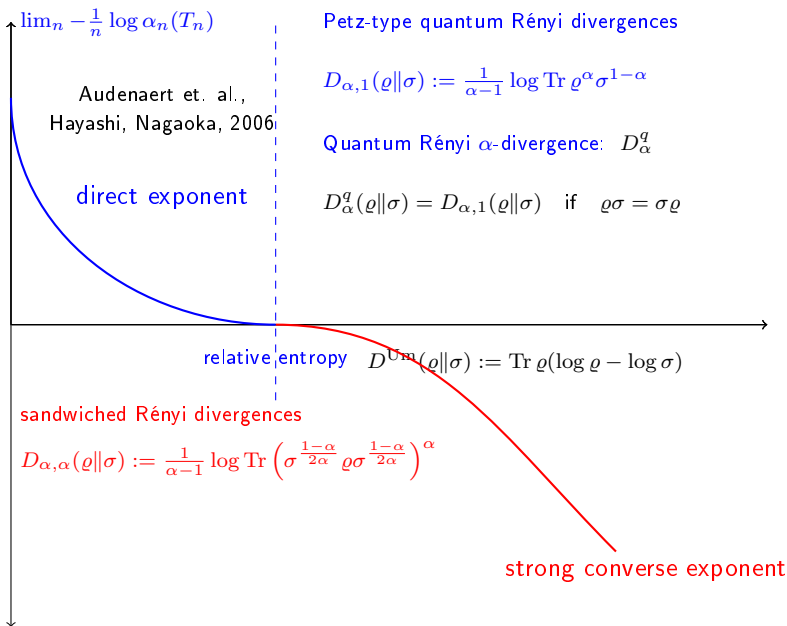
$$\alpha_n(T) := \text{Tr } \rho^{\otimes n}(I - T), \quad \beta_n(T) := \text{Tr } \sigma^{\otimes n}T$$

What is the best asymptotics along arbitrary test sequences $0 \leq T_n \leq I_{\mathcal{H}^{\otimes n}}$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$?

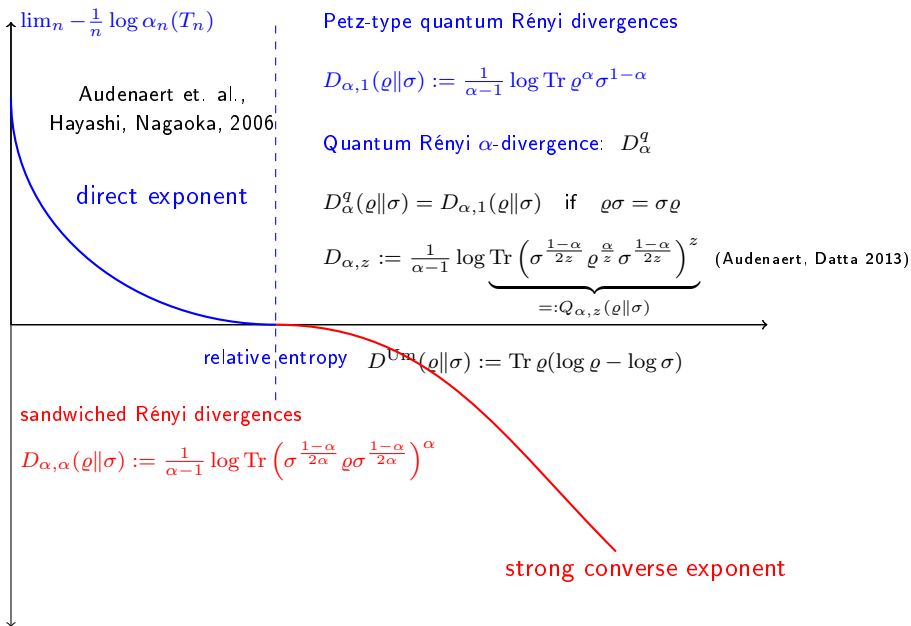
Trade-off relations for binary state discrimination



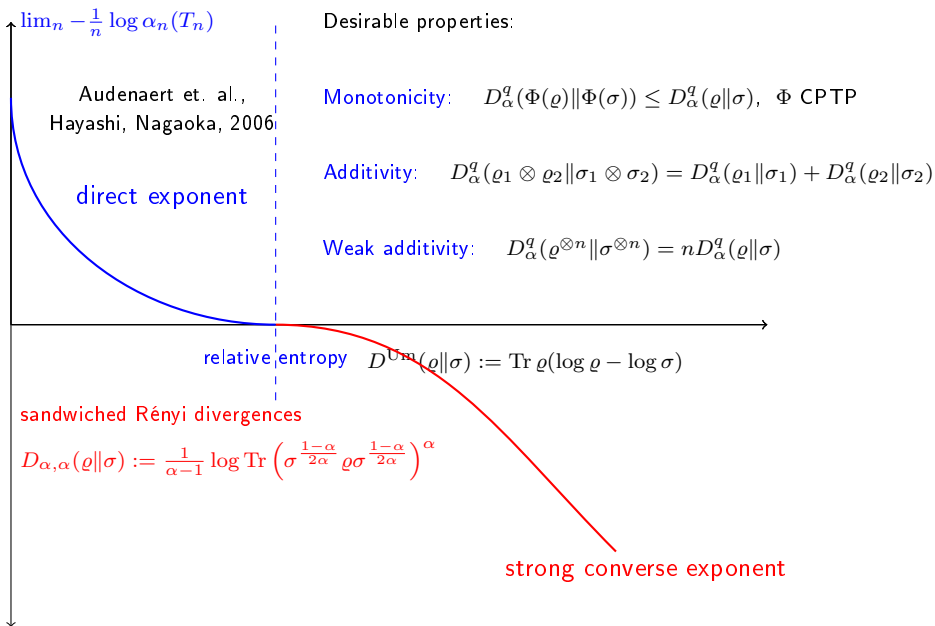
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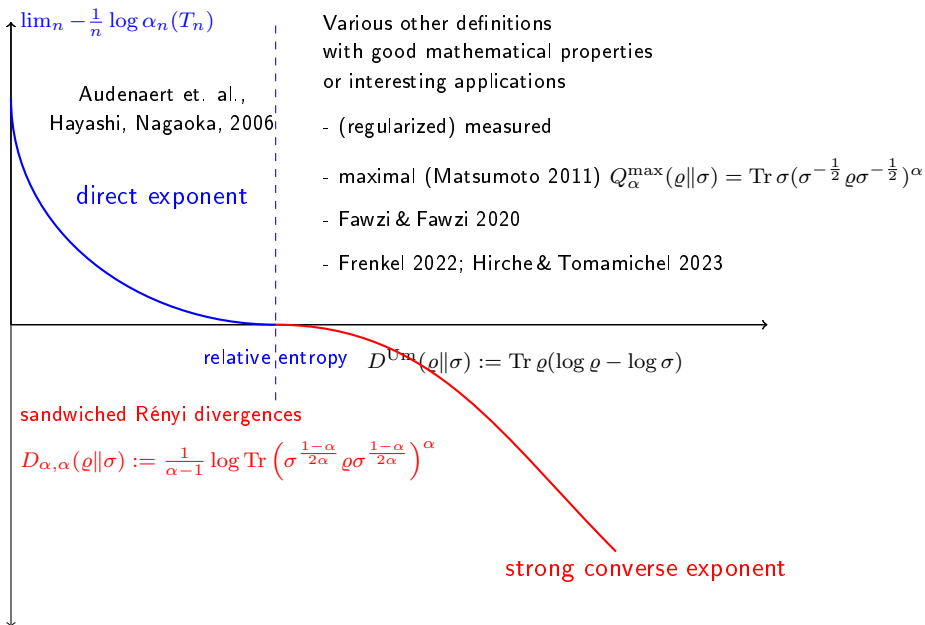
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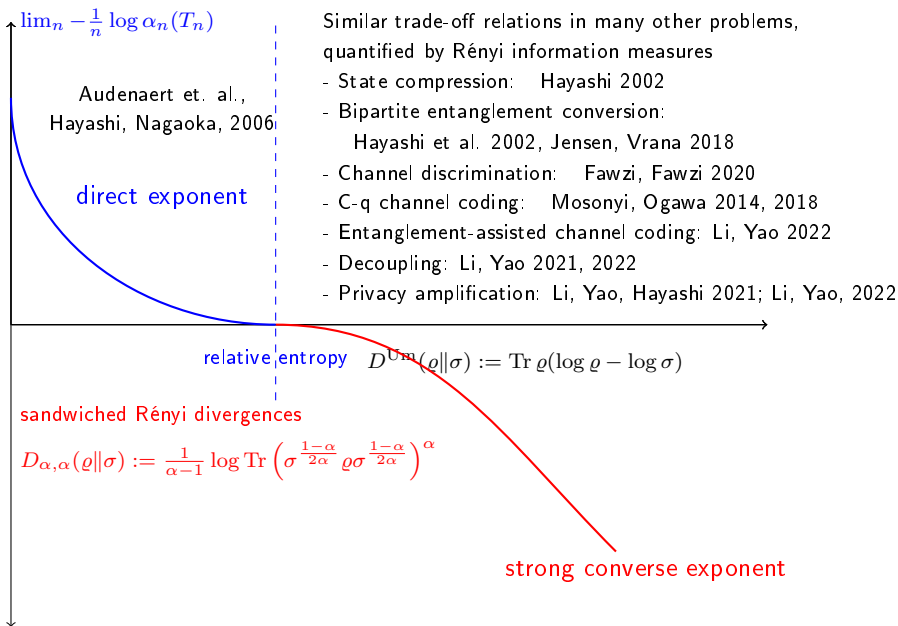
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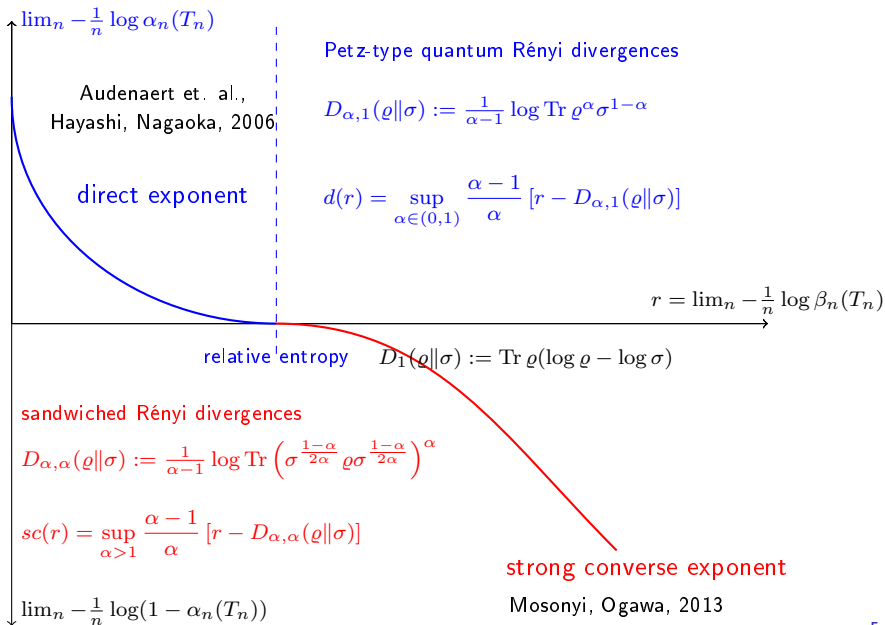
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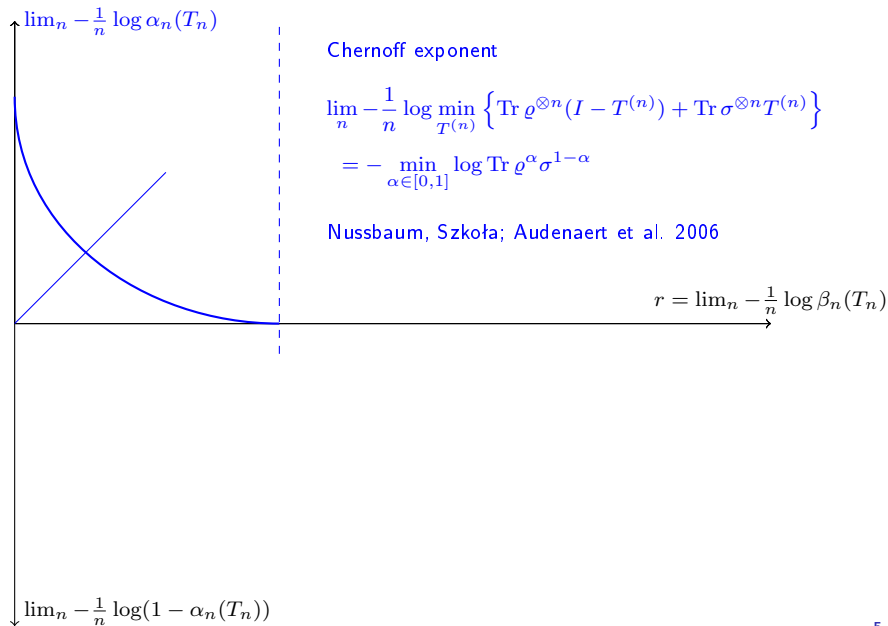
Trade-off relations for binary state discrimination



Symmetric state discrimination



Symmetric state discrimination



Symmetric state discrimination

$$\lim_n -\frac{1}{n} \log \alpha_n(T_n)$$

Chernoff exponent

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_n -\frac{1}{n} \log \min_{T^{(n)}} \left\{ \text{Tr} \varrho^{\otimes n} (I - T^{(n)}) + \text{Tr} \sigma^{\otimes n} T^{(n)} \right\} \\ = - \min_{\alpha \in [0,1]} \log \text{Tr} \varrho^\alpha \sigma^{1-\alpha} \end{aligned}$$

Nussbaum, Szkoła; Audenaert et al. 2006

$$r = \lim_n -\frac{1}{n} \log \beta_n(T_n)$$

State exclusion

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_n -\frac{1}{n} \log \min_{T_1^{(n)}, \dots, T_r^{(n)}} \sum_{i=1}^r \text{Tr} \varrho_i^{\otimes n} T_i^{(n)} \\ = - \min_{\alpha_1 + \dots + \alpha_r = 1} \log \text{Tr} \varrho_1^{\alpha_1} \dots \varrho_r^{\alpha_r} \end{aligned}$$

if $\varrho_i \varrho_j = \varrho_j \varrho_i$

Nussbaum, Mishra, Wilde 2023

$$\lim_n -\frac{1}{n} \log(1 - \alpha_n(T_n))$$

Symmetric state discrimination

$$\lim_n -\frac{1}{n} \log \alpha_n(T_n)$$

Chernoff exponent

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_n -\frac{1}{n} \log \min_{T^{(n)}} \left\{ \text{Tr } \varrho^{\otimes n} (I - T^{(n)}) + \text{Tr } \sigma^{\otimes n} T^{(n)} \right\} \\ = - \min_{\alpha \in [0,1]} \log \text{Tr } \varrho^\alpha \sigma^{1-\alpha} \end{aligned}$$

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Nussbaum, Mishra, Wilde 2023

What is the right definition of multivariate quantum Rényi divergences?

- Monotonicity, additivity
- Operational significance

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(Furuya, Lashkari, Ouseph 2021)

(Bunth, Vrana 2021)

$$\lim_n -\frac{1}{n} \log(1 - \alpha_n(T_n))$$

State conversion

$\varrho_1, \dots, \varrho_r, \varrho'_1, \dots, \varrho'_r$ given

Single-shot: $\exists \Phi$ CPTP: $\Phi(\varrho_i) = \varrho'_i, i \in [r]$?

Necessary: D_P^q r -variable monotone quantum Rényi-divergence

$$D_P^q((\varrho_i)_{i \in [r]}) \geq D_P^q((\varrho'_i)_{i \in [r]})$$

Sufficient conditions in terms of conditional min-entropy
(Gour, Jennings, Buscemi, Duan, Marvian 2018)

State conversion

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Multi-copy: $\exists n \in \mathbb{N}, \Phi$ CPTP: $\Phi(\rho_i^{\otimes n}) = \rho'_i{}^{\otimes n}, i \in [r]$?

Necessary: D_P^q r -variable monotone, weakly additive quantum Rényi-divergence

$$D_P^q((\rho_i)_{i \in [r]}) \geq D_P^q((\rho'_i)_{i \in [r]})$$

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Catalytic: $\exists \gamma_i \in \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{H})_{++}, \Phi$ CPTP: $\Phi(\varrho_i \otimes \gamma_i) = \varrho'_i \otimes \gamma_i, i \in [r]$?

Necessary: D_P^q r -variable monotone, additive quantum Rényi divergence

$$D_P^q((\varrho_i)_{i \in [r]}) \geq D_P^q((\varrho'_i)_{i \in [r]})$$

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Approximate catalytic:

$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists \gamma_{i,\varepsilon}, \Phi$ CPTP: $\Phi(\rho_i \otimes \gamma_{i,\varepsilon}) = \rho'_{i,\varepsilon} \otimes \gamma_{i,\varepsilon}, \rho'_{i,\varepsilon} \approx_\varepsilon \rho'_i, i \in [r]$?

Necessary: D_P^q r -variable monotone, additive, l.s.c. quantum Rényi divergence

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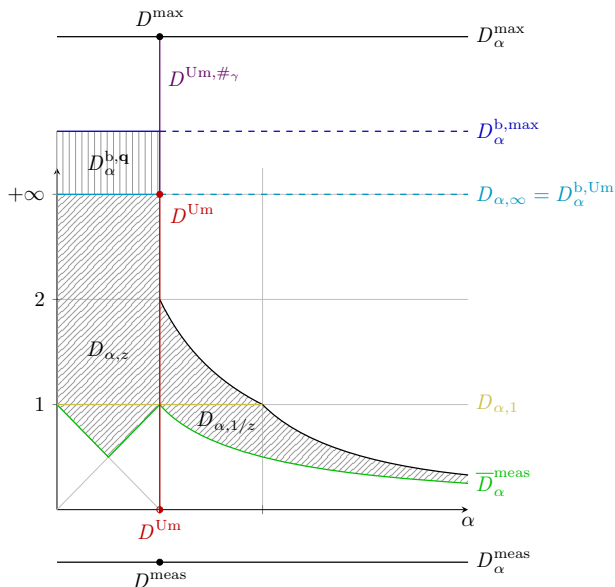
$$D_P^q((\rho_i)_{i \in [r]}) \geq D_P^q((\rho'_i)_{i \in [r]})$$

Classical case: (strict) inequality for all monotone multi-variate Rényi divergence is also sufficient.

(Farooq, Fritz, Haapasalo, Tomamichel 2023)

1. Find quantum Rényi divergences (binary as well as multi-variate) with good mathematical properties.
2. Connect them to trade-off relations/state convertibility problems.

Quantum Rényi divergences



$$D^{\max}(\varrho \parallel \sigma) = \text{Tr } \varrho \log(\varrho^{\frac{1}{2}} \sigma^{-1} \varrho^{\frac{1}{2}})$$

Belavkin-Staszewski 1982

↑
increasing
(Araki-Lieb-Thirring
inequality)

$$\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 1} D_{\alpha, z} = D^{\text{Um}}$$

$$D^{\text{Um}}(\varrho \parallel \sigma) = \text{Tr } \varrho (\log \varrho - \log \sigma)$$

Umegaki relative
entropy

Geometric relative entropies

D^q quantum relative entropy

γ -weighted Kubo-Ando geometric mean $\gamma \in (0, 1)$

$$\sigma \#_{\gamma} \varrho := \sigma^{1/2} (\sigma^{-1/2} \varrho \sigma^{-1/2})^{\gamma} \sigma^{1/2}$$

Geometric relative entropy:

$$D^{q, \#_{\gamma}}(\varrho \| \sigma) := \frac{1}{1 - \gamma} D^q(\varrho \| \sigma \#_{\gamma} \varrho)$$

Geometric relative entropies

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D^q additive \implies so is $D^{q, \#_{\gamma}}$

D^q monotone \implies so is $D^{q, \#_{\gamma}}$ $(\omega_1 \leq \omega_2 \implies D^q(\tau \| \omega_1) \geq D^q(\tau \| \omega_2))$

Geometric relative entropies

Monotonicity:

$$D^q(\Phi(\varrho)\|\Phi(\sigma)) \leq D^q(\varrho\|\sigma), \quad \omega_1 \leq \omega_2 \implies D^q(\tau\|\omega_1) \geq D^q(\tau\|\omega_2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} D^{q, \#_\gamma}(\Phi(\varrho)\|\Phi(\sigma)) &= \frac{1}{1-\gamma} D^q(\Phi(\varrho)\|\underbrace{\Phi(\sigma)\#_\gamma\Phi(\varrho)}_{\geq \Phi(\sigma\#_\gamma\varrho)}) \\ &\leq \frac{1}{1-\gamma} D^q(\Phi(\varrho)\|\Phi(\sigma\#_\gamma\varrho)) \\ &\leq \frac{1}{1-\gamma} D^q(\varrho\|\sigma\#_\gamma\varrho), \end{aligned}$$

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Cor.: $D^{\text{Um}} \leq D^{q, \#_\gamma} \leq D^{\text{max}}$

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Cor.: $\gamma \mapsto D^{\text{Um}, \#_\gamma}(\varrho\|\sigma)$ increasing

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Thm.: $\lim_{\gamma \searrow 0} D^{\text{Um}, \#_\gamma}(\varrho\|\sigma) = D^{\text{Um}}(\varrho\|\sigma)$
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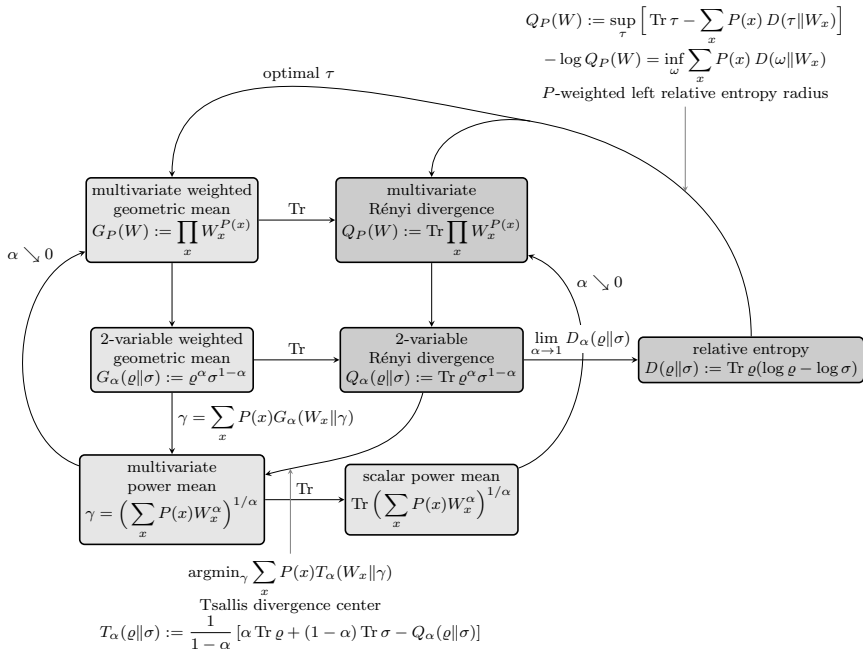
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Cor.: $\forall t, \gamma \in (0, 1) \exists \varrho, \sigma :$

$$(1 - t)D^{\text{Um}}(\varrho \parallel \sigma) + tD^{\text{max}}(\varrho \parallel \sigma) < D^{\text{Um}, \#_\gamma}(\varrho \parallel \sigma)$$

Multi-variate Rényi divergences and geometric means



Barycentric Rényi divergences

Barycentric Rényi divergence:

$$Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W) := \sup_{\tau \in \mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H})_+} \left\{ \text{Tr } \tau - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\mathfrak{q}x}(\tau \| W_x) \right\},$$
$$-\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W) = \inf_{\omega \in \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{H})} \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\mathfrak{q}x}(\omega \| W_x) \quad =: R_{D^{\mathfrak{q}}}^{\text{left}}(W, P)$$

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- $Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$, $\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$ convex in P

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$$-\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W) = \inf_{\omega \in \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{H})} \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\mathfrak{q}_x}(\omega \| W_x) \quad =: R_{D^{\mathfrak{q}}}^{\text{left}}(W, P)$$

- $Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$, $\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$ convex in P
- $P \geq 0$, all $D^{\mathfrak{q}_x}$ monotone under $\Phi \implies$ so is $-\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}$

Barycentric Rényi divergences

Barycentric Rényi divergence:

$$Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W) := \sup_{\tau \in \mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H})_+} \left\{ \text{Tr } \tau - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\mathfrak{q}x}(\tau \| W_x) \right\},$$
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- $P \geq 0$, all $D^{\mathfrak{q}x}$ jointly convex $\implies -\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$ convex in W

Barycentric Rényi divergences

Barycentric Rényi divergence:

$$Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W) := \sup_{\tau \in \mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H})_+} \left\{ \text{Tr } \tau - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{q_x}(\tau \| W_x) \right\},$$
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- $Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$, $\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$ convex in P
- $P \geq 0$, all D^{q_x} monotone under $\Phi \implies$ so is $-\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}$
- $P \geq 0$, all D^{q_x} jointly convex $\implies -\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$ convex in W
- $P \geq 0$, all D^{q_x} jointly l.s.c $\implies W \mapsto -\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$ l.s.c.

Barycentric Rényi divergences

Barycentric Rényi divergence:

$$Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W) := \sup_{\tau \in \mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H})_+} \left\{ \text{Tr } \tau - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\mathfrak{q}x}(\tau \| W_x) \right\},$$
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- $P \geq 0$, all $D^{\mathfrak{q}x}$ jointly convex $\implies -\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$ convex in W
- $P \geq 0$, all $D^{\mathfrak{q}x}$ jointly l.s.c $\implies W \mapsto -\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$ l.s.c.
- all $D^{\mathfrak{q}x}$ additive $\implies -\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$ subadditive

$$R_{D^{\mathfrak{q}}}^{\text{left}}((W_x^{(1)} \otimes W_x^{(2)})_{x \in \mathcal{X}}, P) \leq R_{D^{\mathfrak{q}}}^{\text{left}}((W_x^{(1)})_{x \in \mathcal{X}}, P) + R_{D^{\mathfrak{q}}}^{\text{left}}((W_x^{(2)})_{x \in \mathcal{X}}, P)$$

Barycentric Rényi divergences

Barycentric Rényi divergence:

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- $P \geq 0$, all $D^{\mathfrak{q}x}$ jointly l.s.c $\implies W \mapsto -\log Q_P^{\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{q}}(W)$ l.s.c.
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Additivity?

Barycentric Umegaki Rényi divergences

Barycentric Rényi divergence:

$$Q_P^{\text{b,Um}} := \sup_{\tau \in \mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H})_+} \left\{ \text{Tr } \tau - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\text{Um}}(\tau \| W_x) \right\},$$
$$-\log Q_P^{\text{b,Um}} = \inf_{\omega \in \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{H})} \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\text{Um}}(\omega \| W_x) =: R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{left}}(W, P)$$

Barycentric Umegaki Rényi divergences

Barycentric Rényi divergence:

$$\begin{aligned} Q_P^{\text{b,Um}} &:= \sup_{\tau \in \mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H})_+} \left\{ \text{Tr } \tau - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\text{Um}}(\tau \| W_x) \right\}, \\ -\log Q_P^{\text{b,Um}} &= \inf_{\omega \in \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{H})} \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\text{Um}}(\omega \| W_x) \quad =: R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{left}}(W, P) \\ &= -\log \text{Tr} \exp \left(\underbrace{\sum_x P(x) \log W_x}_{=\tau_{\text{opt}}} \right), \end{aligned}$$

Barycentric Umegaki Rényi divergences

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Additivity:

$$R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{left}}((W_x^{(1)} \otimes W_x^{(2)})_{x \in \mathcal{X}}, P) = R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{left}}((W_x^{(1)})_{x \in \mathcal{X}}, P) + R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{left}}((W_x^{(2)})_{x \in \mathcal{X}}, P)$$

Barycentric Umegaki Rényi divergences

Barycentric Rényi divergence:

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Holevo quantity:

$$R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{right}}(W, P) := \inf_{\omega \in \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{H})} \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\text{Um}}(W_x \| \omega)$$

Barycentric Umegaki Rényi divergences

Barycentric Rényi divergence:

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$$R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{left}}((W_x^{(1)} \otimes W_x^{(2)})_{x \in \mathcal{X}}, P) = R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{left}}((W_x^{(1)})_{x \in \mathcal{X}}, P) + R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{left}}((W_x^{(2)})_{x \in \mathcal{X}}, P)$$

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$$R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{right}}(W, P) := \inf_{\omega \in \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{H})} \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\text{Um}}(W_x \| \omega) = \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\text{Um}}\left(W_x \| \sum_x P(x) W_x\right)$$

Barycentric Umegaki Rényi divergences

Barycentric Rényi divergence:

$$\begin{aligned} Q_P^{\text{b,Um}} &:= \sup_{\tau \in \mathcal{B}(\mathcal{H})_+} \left\{ \text{Tr } \tau - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\text{Um}}(\tau \| W_x) \right\}, \\ -\log Q_P^{\text{b,Um}} &= \inf_{\omega \in \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{H})} \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} P(x) D^{\text{Um}}(\omega \| W_x) =: R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{left}}(W, P) \\ &= -\log \underbrace{\text{Tr} \exp \left(\sum_x P(x) \log W_x \right)}_{=\tau_{\text{opt}}}, \end{aligned}$$

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$$R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{right}}((W_{x_1}^{(1)} \otimes W_{x_2}^{(2)})_{x_1, x_2}, P_1 \otimes P_2) = R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{right}}(W^{(1)}, P_1) + R_{D^{\text{Um}}}^{\text{right}}(W^{(2)}, P_2)$$

2-variable barycentric Rényi divergence

$$Q_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma) := \sup_{\tau \in \mathcal{B}(\varrho^0\mathcal{H})_{\geq 0}} \{\mathrm{Tr} \tau - \alpha D^{q_0}(\tau\|\varrho) - (1 - \alpha) D^{q_1}(\tau\|\sigma)\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma) &:= \frac{\psi_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma) - \psi_1^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma)}{\alpha - 1} \\ &= \frac{1}{1 - \alpha} \inf_{\omega \in \mathcal{S}(\varrho^0\mathcal{H})} \{\alpha D^{q_0}(\omega\|\varrho) + (1 - \alpha) D^{q_1}(\omega\|\sigma)\} - \frac{1}{\alpha - 1} \log \mathrm{Tr} \varrho \end{aligned}$$

2-variable barycentric Rényi divergence

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- $\log Q_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma)$ convex in α , $D_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma)$ monotone in α

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{\mathrm{Tr} \varrho} D^{q_1}(\varrho\|\sigma) &= \lim_{\alpha \nearrow 1} D_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma) \\ \frac{1}{\mathrm{Tr} \varrho} D^{q_0}(\varrho\|\sigma) &= \lim_{\alpha \searrow 0} \frac{1}{\alpha} \left[(1 - \alpha) D_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\sigma\|\varrho) + \log \mathrm{Tr} \varrho - \log \mathrm{Tr} \sigma \right] \\ \lim_{\alpha \rightarrow +\infty} D_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma) &= \sup_{\omega \in \mathcal{S}(\varrho^0\mathcal{H})} \{D^{q_1}(\omega\|\sigma) - D^{q_0}(\omega\|\varrho)\}. \end{aligned}$$

- Different (D^{q_0}, D^{q_1}) pairs generate different barycentric families.

$$Q_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma) := \sup_{\tau \in \mathcal{B}(\varrho^0\mathcal{H})_{\geq 0}} \{\mathrm{Tr} \tau - \alpha D^{q_0}(\tau\|\varrho) - (1 - \alpha) D^{q_1}(\tau\|\sigma)\}$$

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- Finiteness:

$$D_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma) = +\infty \begin{cases} \iff \varrho^0 \wedge \sigma^0 = 0, & \text{when } \alpha \in [0, 1), \\ \iff \varrho^0 \not\leq \sigma^0, & \text{when } \alpha > 1. \end{cases}$$

$$Q_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma) := \sup_{\tau \in \mathcal{B}(\varrho^0\mathcal{H})_{\geq 0}} \{\mathrm{Tr} \tau - \alpha D^{q_0}(\tau\|\varrho) - (1 - \alpha) D^{q_1}(\tau\|\sigma)\}$$

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Cor.: $D_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma) = +\infty \iff \varrho \perp \sigma$

$\implies D^{\mathbf{q}}$ is not a barycentric Rényi divergence

$$Q_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma) := \sup_{\tau \in \mathcal{B}(\varrho^0 \mathcal{H})_{\geq 0}} \{ \text{Tr } \tau - \alpha D^{q_0}(\tau\|\varrho) - (1 - \alpha) D^{q_1}(\tau\|\sigma) \}$$

$$\begin{aligned} D_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma) &:= \frac{\psi_{\alpha}^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma) - \psi_1^{\mathbf{b},\mathbf{q}}(\varrho\|\sigma)}{\alpha - 1} \\ &= \frac{1}{1 - \alpha} \inf_{\omega \in \mathcal{S}(\varrho^0 \mathcal{H})} \{ \alpha D^{q_0}(\omega\|\varrho) + (1 - \alpha) D^{q_1}(\omega\|\sigma) \} - \frac{1}{\alpha - 1} \log \text{Tr } \varrho \end{aligned}$$

- Finiteness:

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Cor.: $D_{\alpha}^q(\varrho\|\sigma) = +\infty \iff \varrho \perp \sigma$

$\implies D^q$ is not a barycentric Rényi divergence

Cor.: $D_{\alpha}^{\text{meas}}, D_{\alpha,z}, \alpha \in (0, 1), z \in (0, +\infty)$

are not barycentric Rényi divergences

Ordering and non-barycentric Rényi divergence

D^{q_0} and D^{q_1} CPTP-monotone

$$D_{\alpha}^{\text{meas}} \stackrel{\leq}{\neq} D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,meas}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,q}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}, \quad \alpha \in (0, 1)$$

Ordering and non-barycentric Rényi divergence

D^{q_0} and D^{q_1} CPTP-monotone

$$D_{\alpha}^{\text{meas}} \stackrel{\not\leq}{\leq} D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,meas}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,q}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}, \quad \alpha \in (0, 1)$$

D^{q_0} and D^{q_1} also additive

$$D_{\alpha,+\infty} = D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,Um}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,q}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}, \quad \alpha \in (0, 1)$$

Ordering and non-barycentric Rényi divergence

D^{q_0} and D^{q_1} CPTP-monotone

$$D_{\alpha}^{\text{meas}} \stackrel{\leq}{\nrightarrow} D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,meas}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,q}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}, \quad \alpha \in (0, 1)$$

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$D^{\text{Um}} < D^{q_0}$ or $D^{\text{Um}} < D^{q_1}$

$$D_{\alpha,+\infty} = D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,Um}} \stackrel{<}{\nrightarrow} D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,q}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}, \quad \alpha \in (0, 1)$$

Ordering and non-barycentric Rényi divergence

D^{q_0} and D^{q_1} CPTP-monotone

$$D_{\alpha}^{\text{meas}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,meas}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,q}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}, \quad \alpha \in (0, 1)$$

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$D^{\text{Um}} < D^{q_0}$ or $D^{\text{Um}} < D^{q_1}$

$$D_{\alpha,+\infty} = D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,Um}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,q}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}, \quad \alpha \in (0, 1)$$

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Ordering and non-barycentric Rényi divergence

D^{q_0} and D^{q_1} CPTP-monotone

$$D_{\alpha}^{\text{meas}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,meas}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,q}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}, \quad \alpha \in (0, 1)$$

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$D^{\text{Um}} < D^{q_0}$ or $D^{\text{Um}} < D^{q_1}$

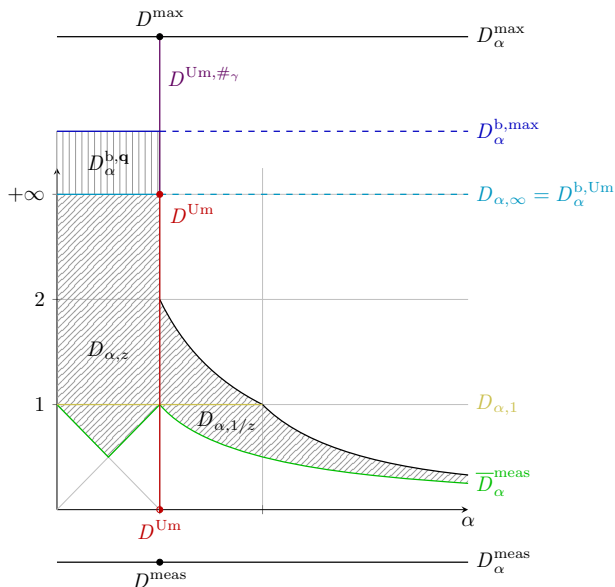
$$D_{\alpha,+\infty} = D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,Um}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,q}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}, \quad \alpha \in (0, 1)$$

$D^{q_0} < D^{\text{max}}$ or $D^{q_1} < D^{\text{max}}$

$$D_{\alpha,+\infty} = D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,Um}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,q}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} \leq D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}, \quad \alpha \in (0, 1)$$

Thm.: $D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} < D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}, \quad \alpha \in (0, 1).$

Quantum Rényi divergences



$$D^{\max}(\varrho\|\sigma) = \text{Tr } \varrho \log(\varrho^{-\frac{1}{2}} \sigma \varrho^{-\frac{1}{2}})$$

↑
increasing
(Araki-Lieb-Thirring
inequality)

$$\lim_{\alpha \rightarrow 1} D_{\alpha,z} = D^{\text{Um}}$$

$$D^{\text{Um}}(\varrho\|\sigma) = \text{Tr } \varrho (\log \varrho - \log \sigma)$$

Umegaki relative
entropy

$$D_{\alpha}^{b,\max} < D_{\alpha}^{\max}$$

Lemma:

$$\begin{aligned} -\log Q_{\alpha}^{\max}(\varrho\|\sigma) &= -\log \operatorname{Tr} \sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho \\ &= \alpha D^{\max} \left(\frac{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho}{\operatorname{Tr}(\dots)} \parallel \varrho \right) + (1 - \alpha) D^{\max} \left(\frac{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho}{\operatorname{Tr}(\dots)} \parallel \sigma \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} < D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}$$

Lemma:

$$\begin{aligned} -\log Q_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}(\varrho\|\sigma) &= -\log \text{Tr} \sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho \\ &= \alpha D^{\text{max}} \left(\frac{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho}{\text{Tr}(\dots)} \parallel \varrho \right) + (1 - \alpha) D^{\text{max}} \left(\frac{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho}{\text{Tr}(\dots)} \parallel \sigma \right) \end{aligned}$$

Possible multi-variate generalization:

$$-\log \tilde{Q}_P^{\text{max}}(W) := \sum_x P(x) D^{\text{max}} \left(\frac{G_P^{\text{max}}(W)}{\text{Tr} G_P^{\text{max}}(W)} \parallel W_x \right)$$

$$D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} < D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}$$

Lemma:

$$\begin{aligned} -\log Q_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}(\varrho\|\sigma) &= -\log \text{Tr} \sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho \\ &= \alpha D^{\text{max}} \left(\frac{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho}{\text{Tr}(\dots)} \parallel \varrho \right) + (1 - \alpha) D^{\text{max}} \left(\frac{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho}{\text{Tr}(\dots)} \parallel \sigma \right) \end{aligned}$$

Possible multi-variate generalization:

$$\begin{aligned} -\log \tilde{Q}_P^{\text{max}}(W) &:= \sum_x P(x) D^{\text{max}} \left(\frac{G_P^{\text{max}}(W)}{\text{Tr} G_P^{\text{max}}(W)} \parallel W_x \right) \\ &= -\log Q_P^{\text{max}}(W) ? \end{aligned}$$

$$D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} < D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}$$

Lemma:

$$\begin{aligned} -\log Q_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}(\varrho\|\sigma) &= -\log \text{Tr} \sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho \\ &= \alpha D^{\text{max}} \left(\frac{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho}{\text{Tr}(\dots)} \parallel \varrho \right) + (1 - \alpha) D^{\text{max}} \left(\frac{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho}{\text{Tr}(\dots)} \parallel \sigma \right) \end{aligned}$$

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$$D_{\alpha}^{b, \max} < D_{\alpha}^{\max}$$

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$$\begin{aligned} -\log Q_{\alpha}^{\max}(\varrho\|\sigma) &= -\log \operatorname{Tr} \sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho \\ &= \alpha D^{\max} \left(\frac{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho}{\operatorname{Tr}(\dots)} \parallel \varrho \right) + (1 - \alpha) D^{\max} \left(\frac{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho}{\operatorname{Tr}(\dots)} \parallel \sigma \right) \\ &\geq \inf_{\omega \in \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{H})} \{ \alpha D^{\max}(\omega\|\varrho) + (1 - \alpha) D^{\max}(\omega\|\sigma) \} \end{aligned}$$

Lemma: $\sigma^{-1/2} \varrho \sigma^{-1/2} = \sum_{i=1}^r \lambda_i P_i. \quad \pi_{\mathcal{H}} := I / \dim \mathcal{H}$

$$\partial_{\pi_{\mathcal{H}}} := \left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} \left[\alpha D^{\max} \left((1-t) \widehat{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho} + t \pi_{\mathcal{H}} \parallel \varrho \right) + (1 - \alpha) D^{\max} \left((1-t) \widehat{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho} + t \pi_{\mathcal{H}} \parallel \sigma \right) \right]$$

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$$D_{\alpha}^{b,\max} < D_{\alpha}^{\max}$$

Lemma:

$$\begin{aligned} -\log Q_{\alpha}^{\max}(\varrho\|\sigma) &= -\log \text{Tr} \sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho \\ &= \alpha D^{\max} \left(\frac{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho}{\text{Tr}(\dots)} \parallel \varrho \right) + (1-\alpha) D^{\max} \left(\frac{\sigma \#_{\alpha} \varrho}{\text{Tr}(\dots)} \parallel \sigma \right) \\ &\geq \inf_{\omega \in \mathcal{S}(\mathcal{H})} \{ \alpha D^{\max}(\omega\|\varrho) + (1-\alpha) D^{\max}(\omega\|\sigma) \} \end{aligned}$$

Lemma: $\sigma^{-1/2} \varrho \sigma^{-1/2} = \sum_{i=1}^r \lambda_i P_i. \quad \pi_{\mathcal{H}} := I / \dim \mathcal{H}$

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$$D_{\alpha}^{\text{b,max}} < D_{\alpha}^{\text{max}}$$

Lemma: $\partial_{\pi_{\mathcal{H}}} = -1 + \langle u, (S \star (S^{-1})^{\text{T}} \star \Lambda_{\alpha})u \rangle$

$$S = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1+z & x-iy \\ x+iy & 1-z \end{bmatrix}, \quad (S^{-1})^{\text{T}} = \frac{4}{1-\|r\|^2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1-z & -x+iy \\ -x-iy & 1+z \end{bmatrix},$$

$$S \star (S^{-1})^{\text{T}} = \frac{1}{1-\|r\|^2} \begin{bmatrix} 1-z^2 & -(x^2+y^2) \\ -(x^2+y^2) & 1-z^2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

where $r := (x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3$ s.t. $\|r\|^2 = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 < 1$

$$\partial_{\pi_{\mathcal{H}}} = -1 + \frac{1}{1-\|r\|^2} \left[1 - z^2 - (x^2 + y^2) \Lambda_{\alpha,1,2} \right] < 0$$

1. Rényi divergences are ubiquitous in (quantum) information theory.
2. Still far from completely understood.
3. Need for good multi-variate quantum Rényi divergences.

Multi-variate Petz-type and sandwiched?

Applications in information theoretic problems?